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KLIMANOVA, Z.F. (Moskva, I-110, ul. Durova, 13/1, kv.21)

Clirical diagnosis of mesothelioma. Vop. onk. 10 no.6:52-59
164. (MIRA 18:3)

1. Iz kliniko-diagnosticheskoy laboratorii (zav. - kand.med.nauk N.N.Shiller-Volkova) Gosudarstvennogo onkologicheskogo instituta imeni Gertsena (dir. - prof. A.N.Novikov).

KLIMANOVA, Z.F. Cytologic examination of ascitic fluid as a method for the detection of ovarian tumors. Akush. i gin. 40 no.4155-61 J1-Ag '64. 1. Kliniko diagnos ticheskaya laboratoriya (zav. - kand.med.nauk N.N.Shiller-Volkova) Onkologicheskogo instituta imeni Gertsena (dir. - prof. A.N.Sovikov), Moskva.

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KLIHANSKAYA, Ye.V.

Therapeutic and diagnostic tracheobronchoscopy in children. Khirurgiia 39 no.4137-42 Ap*63 (HIRA 17:2)

1. Is kafedry dotakoy khirurgii (sav. - prof. S.Ya. Doletskiy) "Sentral'nogo instituta uscvershenstvovaniya vrachey na base deskoy klinicheskov bol'nitsv Ho.2 imeni I.V. Russkova (glavnyy vrach H.M.Kraseva,

KLIMANSKIY, D.I.; PIL'TS, O.V.

Treatment in coronary insufficiency with novocaine blocks of the anterior mediastinum. Hauch, trudy L'vov.obl.terap.ob-va no.1:289-292 '61. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Kafedra fakul'tetekoy khirurgii lechebnogo fakul'teta L'vovskogo meditsinskogo instituta (sav. kafedroy - prof. G.G. Karavanov) (CORONANY HEART DISEASE) (MOVOCAINE) (MEDIASTINUM)

Improved tube for intubation anesthesia. Grud. khir. 2 no.5:
114-115 s-0 '60. (MIRA 16:5)

1. Is otdeleniya grudnoy khirurgii (sev.M.S.Dribinskiy) Ralinii gradskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach - saslushemnyy vrach RSPSR V.V.Filippov). (IMTRATRACHEAL AUSTHESIA)

(AMESTHESIOLOGY—APPARATUS AND IMSTRUMENTS)

KLIMARSKIY, V.A. Failures and complications in bronchography in children. Vest. khir. no. 6:113-118 '65. (MRA 18:12) 1. Is otdeleniya detskoy khirurgii (sav. - kand. med. mauk A.G. Pugachey; mauchnyy konsul'tant - prof. S.Ya.Doletskiy) Instituta pediatrii AMN SSSR.

Cecal phlagaon. Ehirurgiia 34 no.9:101-102 S '58. 1. Is thirurgicheskogo otdeleniya (sav. T.A. Evereva) Kaliningradskoy oblastnoy bol'nitay (glavayy vrach V.V. Filippov). (PHLEDICE)

DRIBIHSKIY, M.B.; KLIMANSKIY, V.A.; ANTOHOYA, I.V.

Catheterisation of the bronchi in the induction of intubation anesthesis. Khirurgiia 35 no.6:59-63 Je 159. (MIRA 12:8)

1. Is otdeleniya grudnoy khirurgii (sav. M.B.Dribinskiy) Kaliningradskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach - kand. med.nauk saslushennyy vrach RSFSR V.V.Filippov). (AMESTHESIA, MEDOTRACHRAL

errors & hazards in intubation of bronchi, grev. (Rus))

KLIMANSKIY, V. A., GAND MED SCI, "BRONCHOGRAPHY IN CHILDREN." MOSCOW-KALININGRAD, 1961. (MIN OF HEALTH RSFSR, FIRST MOSCOW ORDER OF LENIH MED INST IN 1. M. SECHENOV, CHAIR OF HOSPITAL SURGERY, KALININGRADSKAYA OBLAST HOSPITAL, DEPT OF THORACIC SURGERY). (KL, 3-61, 232).

423

"APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/18/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000723110013-3

	KLIMARSKIY, V.A.								:			
				Bronchography in children under 36 no.7182-88 Je 160. (BRONCHI—RADIOGRAPHY)			intubation anesthesia. Khirurgiia (MIRA 13:12) (INTRATRACHEAL AMESTHESIA)					
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DRIBINSKIY, M.B.; KLIMANSKIY, V.A.; LAZAREVA, V.G.; LYAKHOVA, Ye.A.

Bronehography under intravenous enesthesia in trecheal intubation.

Khirurgiia 37 no.4138-42 61. (HIRA 1414)

1. Is otdeleniya grudnoy khirurgii (sav. otdeleniyem M.B. Bribinskiy) Keliningradskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach - saslushemmy vrach RSFSR kand.med.nauk V.V. Filippov). (ERONGHI-RADIOGRAPHY) (INTRAVENOUS AMESTHESIA)

DRIBINSKIY, M. B., kand. med. nauk; KLIMANSKIY, V. A.

Extraction of foreign bodies from the traches and bronchi in children, Khirurgiia no.6:65-72 Je 162. (MIRA 15:7)

1. Is otdeleniya grudnoy khirurgii (sav. - kandidat meditsinskikh nauk M. B. Dribinskiy) Kaliningradskoy oblastnoy bol'nitsy (glavnyy vrach - saslushennyy vrach RSFSR kandidat meditsinskikh nauk V. V. Filippov)

(BRONCHI-FOREIGN BODIES) (TRACHEA-FOREIGN BODIES)

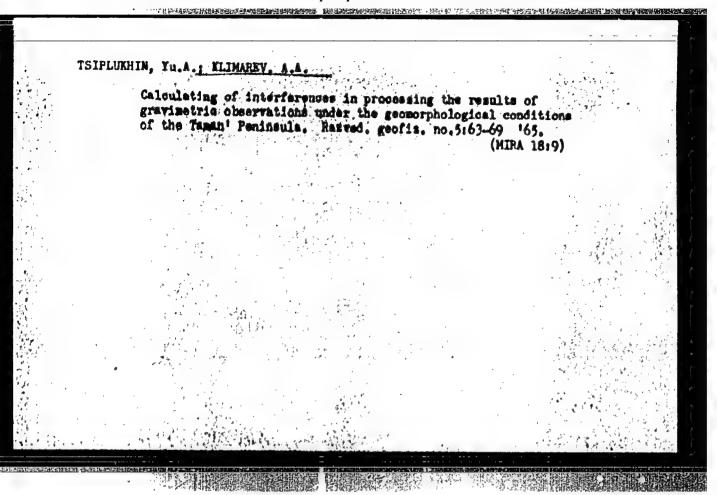
KLIMANSKIY, Vitaliy Afanaz'yevich; LUKOMSKIY, G.I., red.

[Bronchography in children] Bronkhografiia u detei. Moskva, Meditaina, 1964. 130 p. (MIRA 17:7)

KLIMANSKIY, V.A., SPOROV, O.A.; DEROACHEV, I.S.; SCHASTNYY, S.A.

The condition of the lesser circulation in non-specific pulmonary fibrosis in children. Gesk. pediat. 20 no.3:383-385 Hr '65

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PUSTIL'NIKOV, M.R.; SAVVINA, Ye.U.; KLIMARKY, A.A.

Geological results of gravimetric investigations carried out in the northwestern Giscaucasia. Geol. nefti i gasa 7 no.7:44-47 Jl '63. (MIRA 16:7)

1. Trest Krasnodarneftegeofisika.
(Caucasus, Northern--Gravity)

KLIMAKSKAYA

USSR / Pharmacology, Toxicology. Analeptics.

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 18, 1958, 85131.

Author Y Surovtseva, S. F., Klimarskaya, I. V., Batkin, I. Z.

Inst : Not given.
Title : The Influence of Chinese Lemon on Conditioned and Unconditioned Vascular Reactions in Patients with Peptic Ulcer of the Stomach and Duodenum.

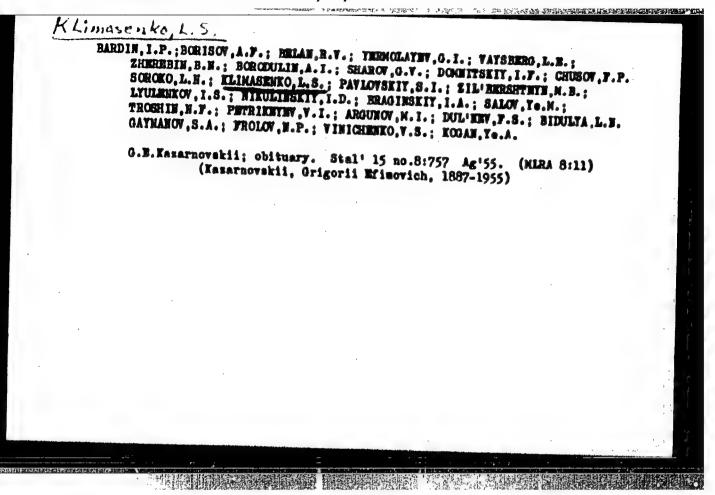
Orig Pub: In the collection, Materialy k izuch. zhen'shenya i limonnika, No 3, Leningrad, 1958, 187-197.

Abstract: In 9 patients with peptic ulcer and in four healthy subjects studies were made, with the aid of the plethysmograph, of the influence on vascular reactions of doses of 1.5-2 gm of the ground seeds of lemon (L). Plethysmograms were taken prior to and after (1.5-3 hours) the doses of L. Cold was used as the unconditioned stimulus, and white and

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26

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。 1987年10月14日 1987年 19

KLIMASENKO, L

137-58-5-9183

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, N: 5, p 61 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Klimasenko, L.S., Mikhaylets, N.S.

Ferromanganese Reduces Rimmed Steel in a Ladle (Raskisleniye TITLE: kipyashchey stali ferromargantsem v kovshe)

PERIODICAL: Sb. tr. Kuznetskogo mezhobl. pravl. Nauchno-tekhn. o-va chernoy metallurgii, 1956, Vol 1, pp 19-35

ABSTRACT: The authors compare the qualitative and production-cost criteria for the reduction of standard rimmed steels with the aid of Fe-Mn. The reduction of the steel was accomplished by means of one of following four procedures: 1) all of the steel was reduced in the furnace; 2) 2/3 of it were reduced in the furnace and 1/3, in the ladle; 3) 1/3 reduced in the furnace and 2/3 in the ladie, and 4) all of the steel was reduced in the ladie. In procedure 4, Fe-Mn containing 0.61-0.87% Si was employed. Experimental smeltings (a total of 156) were performed in heavyduty open-hearth furnaces of the KMK. The steel was cast from above into 6.8 t ingots which were then rolled in a rail-mill into angle brackets, H beams, and channel bars. Surface quality of Card 1/2 finished structural profiles as well as their mechanical properties

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Ferromanganese Reduces Rimmed Steel in a Ladle

were independent of the reduction procedure employed and always satisfied all requirements. The employment of reduction procedure Nr 4 reduces the consumption of Fe-Mn by 2.6 kg/t but prolongs the preparation time by 10 minutes owing to the necessity of preheating steel to a high temperature than that required in procedure 1. The authors propose that the process of reduction of steel in the ladle be investigated more thoroughly.

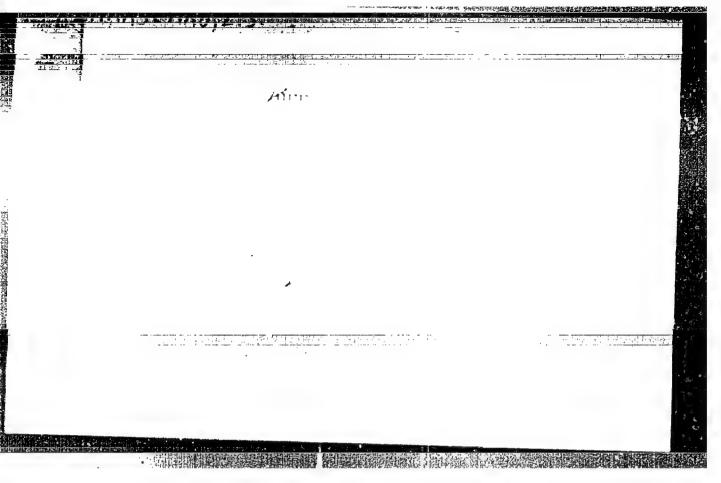
A.S.

1. Steel--Reduction 2. Iron-manganese alloys--Applications

Card 2/2

7

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KETMINSENRO L. 5.

137-58-6-11741

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 6, p 76 (USSR)

AUTHOR: Klimase

Klimasenko, L.G.

TITLE:

How to Increase the Output of Steelmaking Departments (Puti povysheniya proizvoditeľ nosti staleplaviľ nykh tsekhov)

PERIODICAL:

Tr. Nauchno-tekhn. o-va chernoy metallurgii, 1957, Vol. 18, 460-468

ABSTRACT:

A detailed description is given of measures carried out at the Kuznetskiy Metallurgical Kombinat to increase the production of steel: doubling batch capacity of a number of open hearths; increasing the weight of a charge from 280 to >380 t; reduction in the duration of a heat; reduction in shutdowns of open-hearth furnaces for hot and cold repairs; reduction of losses due to scrap; and organizational measures. The furnaces originally had been built for batches of 150 and 300 tons. They had later been converted to larger heats. The conversion of one 190-t open hearth to take 380 t heats provided a 90,000 t/year increase in steelmaking. The capacity of the charging buggies of the main charging lifts were increased to 270-t capacity. The carrying capacity of the ladle-crane gantries will

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How to Increase the Output of Steelmaking Departments

be raised to 270 t. The capacity of the ladles is increased. The increase in weight per heat will result in an increase in the smelting of steel by 115-120,000 t in 1957. In 1955 all open-hearth-furnace roofs, ports, and slag pockets at the KMK were converted to chrome-magnesite and magnesite brick. The height of the stacks of the 380-t open hearths was increased from 65 to 80 m. The blowers were installed directly on the motor drive shafts, and injector nozzles were installed in the gas ports. Valve reversal was automated. In 1956, >50% of the heats were high-speed. Furnace down time was cut from 10.8 to 7.11%. Roof life was raised to 762 heats for furnaces with single-runner spouts, and to 536 heats for furnaces with bifurcated spouts. Temperature in the furnace proper is sustained at as high as 1100-1400°C in repairs done when hot. Repair time has been cut by coordination of the work of the repair men, the operating crew and the railtransport department. Losses due to rejects have been cut. In 1956 they were 0.57%. Results have been attained by cutting paperwork, improving the organization of the work, and better preparation for it. All of the technical and economical performance criteria at the KMK had been improved

1. Steel--Production 2. Open hearth furnaces--Operation 3. Open hearth furnaces--Maintenance Card 2/2

I.B.

DAWIKHBLKA, A., doktor, insh.; MIKHAYLOV, O.A., kand. tekhs. nauk; GONCHARMIKO, M.I.; KLIMASMIKO, L.S.; OYES, G.W., prof., doktor tekhs. nauk; SEMEMIKO, P.P.; MOROZOV, A.W., prof., doktor tekhs. nauk; GLIMKOV, M.A., prof., doktor tekhs. nauk; KAZANTSEV, I.G., prof., doktor tekhs. nauk; KOCHO, V.S., prof., doktor tekhs. nauk; MURKESH, Sh., kand. tekhs. nauk; MOROZEMSKIY, L.I., kand. tekhs. nauk; GURSKIY, G.V.; SPERAMSKIY, V.G.; MOVIK, L.M., kand. tekhs. nauk; starshiy nauchmyy sotrudnik; SHMMYEROV, Ya.A., kand. tekhs. nauk; PAPUSH, A.G., kand. tekhs. nauk; PAPUSH, A.G., kand. tekhs. nauk; MAZOV, V.P.; SAMARIN, A.M.

Discussions, Biul. TSMIIGD(no.18/19:17-35 157. (MIRA 11:4)

1. Claymy staleplavil shohik Ministerstva metallurgicheskoy promyshlennosti i rudnikev Chekhoslovatskov respubliki (for Panikhelka). 2. Direktor TSentral more instituta informatsii chernov metallurgii (for Mikhaylov). 3. Mirektor Ukrainskogo instituta . metallov (for Concharence), 4. Glavnyy staleplavilishchik Ensnetskogo metallurgicheskogo kombinata (for Klimasenko), 5. Zaveduyushchiy kafedrey metallurgii stali Moskovskogo instituta stali (for Oyks), 6. Zamestitel' glavacco inshenera savoda in. Serova (for Semenenke). 7. Maveduyushchiy kafedroy metallurgii etali Chelyabinskogo politekhaicheskogo instituta (for Morosov), 8, Keveduyushchiy kafedroy metallurgicheskikh pechey Moskovskogo instituta stali (for Glinkov), 9. Zaveduyushohiy kafedroy metallurgii stali Endanovskogo metallurgicheskogo instituta (for Essentsev), 10. Zaveduyushchiy kafedroy metallurgii stali Kiyevskogo politekhnicheskogo instituta (for Kocho). (Continued on next card)

TO DEPENDENCE DE CONTROL DE LE CONTROL DE LA DANIEHRINA, A .--- (continued) Card 2. 11. Machal nik tekhnicheskogo otdela Ministerstva chernoy metallurgii Vengerskoy Marodney Respubliki (for Maskesh), 12. Zamestitel direktora Movotul skogo metallurgicheskogo savoda (for Gurakiy), 13. Machal zik tekhnicheskogo otdela zavoda "Dneprospetsstal' (for Speranskiy). 14. Institut metallurgii im. Baykova AN SSER (for Movik). 15. Machal 'mir staleplavil'noy laboratorii Ukrainskogo instituta metallev (for Shneyerov), 16, Machal'nik laboratorii po nepreryvnoy raslivke etali Ihdanovskogo filiala Thentral nego mauchno-issledovatel skogo instituta Ministerstva stroitel noy promyshlemosti (for Papush). 17. Machal 'nik martenovakogo tsekha zavoda "Kaperozhstal" (for Mamov). 18. Zemestitel' direktora Instituta metallurgii in. Baykova AN SSER, chlenkorrespondent AN SSER (for Samarin). (Steel-Netallurgy)

KOROLEV, A.I.; BLINOV, S.T.; IMBREETS, I.A.; KOBUREEYEV, I.M.; TURBEINER, A.L.; VASIL'YEV, S.V.; CHEREENEO, N.A.; BELOV, I.V.; TELESOV, S.A.; NAZOV, V.F.; HOROVEUW, V.A.; NAL'KOV, V.G.; EUL'SKIY, N.P.; TRUBETSKOV, K.M.; SHDEYEROV, YA.A.; SLAIKOSHTEINV, V.T.; PALANT, V.I.; KUROCHKIN, B.M.; ZHDANOV, A.M.; BELIKOV, K.M.; SABIYEV, M.P.; GARBUZ, G.A.; PODGCRETSKIY, A.A.; ALFEROV, K.S.; MOVOLODSKIY, P.I.; MOROZOV, A.M.; VASIL'INV, A.M.; NARAKHOVSKIY, I.S.; NALAKH, A.V.; VERKHOVTSEV, E.V.; AGAPOV, V.F.; VECHER, N.A.; PASTUKHOV, A.I.; BOROUULIN, A.I.; YAYMSHTEYN, O.YA.; ZHIGULIN, V.I.; DIKSHTEYN, YO.I.; KLIMASHOKO, L.S.; KOPIN, A.S.; MOLOTKOV, W.A.; SIVERSKIY, N.V.; ZHIDENSKIY, D.P.; MIKHAYLEYS, W.S.; SLMPKAWEV, P.W.; ZAVODCHIKOV, W.G.; GUDDENGHUK, V.A.; MAZAROV, P.M.; SAVOS'KIN, M.YO.; WIKCHAYEV, A.S.;

Reports (brief annotations). Biul. TSNIICHM no.18/19:36-39 *57.

(NIRA 11:4)

1. Magnitogorskiy metallurgicheskiy kombinat (for Korolev, Belikov, Agapov, Dikehteyn). 2. Eusnetskiy metallurgicheskiy kombinat (for Blinov, Wasil'yev, A.W., Borodulin, Klimasenko). 3. Chelyabinskiy metallurgicheskiy savod (for Imbenets, Vaynehteyn). 4. Zavod im. Dehershinskogo (for Koburneyev). 5. Zavod "Zaporoshstal'" (for Turubiner, Masov, Podgoretskiy, Marakhovskiy, Bavos'kin).

6. Makuyevskiy metallurgicheskiy savod (for Vasil'yev, S.V., Mal'kov, Zhidatskiy, Al'ferov). 7. Stal'proyekt (for Chernenko, Zhdanov, Zavodchikov). 8. VMIII (for Belov). 9. Stalinskiy metallurgicheskiy savod (for Telesov, Malakh).

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KOROLEY, A.I .-- (continued) Card 2.

10. Hishne-Tagil'skiy metallurgichsakiy kombinat (for Nedvedev, Movolodskiy, Vecher). 11. Zavod "Amovstal'" (for Bul'skiy, Slepkanev). 12. Tšentral'myy nauchno-iseledovatel'skiy institit chernoy metallurgii (for Trubetskov). 13. Ukrainskiy institut metallov (for Sineyerov, Sladkoshteyev, Kotin). 14. Eavod "Krasmyy Oktyabr'" (for Palant). 15. Vecsoyusmyy nauchno-iseledovatel'skiy institut metallurgicheskvy teplotekiniki (for Kurochkin). 16. Eavod im. Woroshilova (for Sabiyev). 17. Chelyabinskiy politekinicheskiy institut (for Morozov). 18. Oiprostal' (for Garbus). 19. Ural'skiy institut chernyih metallor (for Pastukhov). 20. Zavod im. Petrovskogo (for Enigulin). 21. Ministerstvo chernoy metallurgii SSER (for Mikolayev). (Open-hearth process)

SOV/137-58-9-18577

Translation from: Referativnyy zhurnal, Metallurgiya, 1958, Nr 9, p 57 (USSR)

AUTHORS: Mikhaylets, N.O., Borodulin, A.I., Klimasenko, L.S.

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TITLE: Different Modes of Employment of Manganese in Open-hearth

Smelting (Ispol'zovaniye v martenovskoy plavke margantsa pri

razlichnykh yego rezhimakh)

PERIODICAL: V sb.: Staleplavil'n. proiz-vo. Moscow, Metallurgizdat,

1958, pp 44-62

ABSTRACT:

Variations in the Mn regimen in the course of open-hearth smelting consist in a reduction in Mn content in the charge during smelting of low-Mn cast iron (LMCI) and elimination of a procedure whereby Fe-Mn is added to the melt at the time of the boil period. The employment of LMCI, the smelting of which significantly increases the production figures of blastfurnace smelting, lowers the production costs of steel, but results in an increase in the consumption of Fe-Mn employed for deoxidation. This condition can be alleviated provided no Mn is added to the melt during the smelting process. The various regimens of employment of the Mn were evaluated in terms of the Mn balance in the course of smelting of various types of

Card 1/3

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Different Modes of Employment of Manganese in Open-hearth Smelting

steel. When LMCI (0.4% Mn) is utilized in smelting of rimmed steels, the Mn content is considerably lower in the charge, and only slightly lower in the metal (after melting and prior to reduction) than corresponding Mn contents encountered in processing of common cast iron containing 0.7-2.0% Mn (additions of Fe-Mn were omitted in the course of smelting in both instances); the increase in the consumption of Fe-Mn for purposes of reduction is relatively small (0.8 kg/t). Introduction of Fe-Mn in the capacity of a reductant into the ladle rather than into the furnice results in a significant economy of the reductant, the final cost of one ton of steel being 4.35% lower than the cost of steel manufactured with the aid of standard cast iron in conjunction with deoxidation in the furnace. In addition to the change-over to LMCI, the process of smelting of rail steel was also changed by omitting the addition of Fe-Mn to the melt in the course of smelting; the results of both these measures are evaluated separately. Since, after melting and drawing off of slag, the Mn content is somewhat reduced during processing of the LMCI, the consumption of Fe-Mn added in the course of the ore-boil period is necessarily increased. However, the economy on Mn additions in the course of smelting of the LMCI in blast furnaces more than covers the additional consumption of the Fe-Mn in the open-hearth furnace. As a result, the total consumption of Fe-Mn during the ore-boil period in smelting operations employing LMCI Card 2/3

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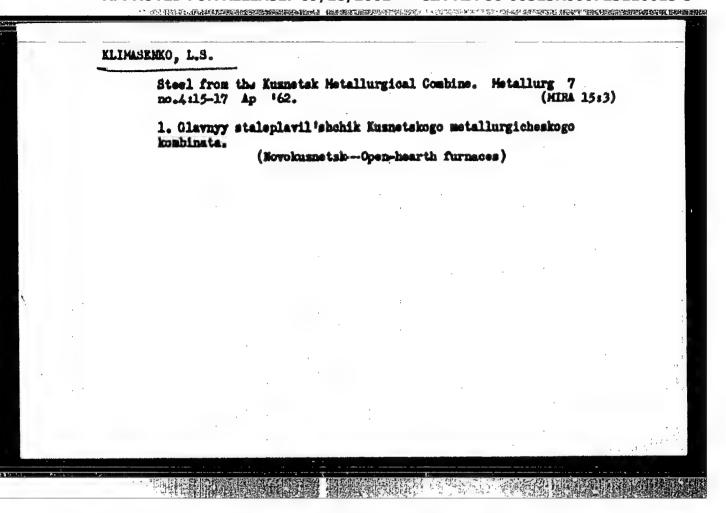
Different Modes of Employment of Manganese in Open-hearth Smelting

without Fe-Mn addition is identical to the consumption of Fe-Mn in smelting operations involving standard cast iron and Fe-Mn addition. Taking into account the summary effect of the employment of the LMCI, the total reduction in the cost of production of one ton of rail steel amounts to 3.43%.

L.K.

1. Cast iron---Processing 2. Manganese---Reduction 3. Manganese---Applications 4. Open hearth furnaces---Performance

Card 3/3



Steel pouring from two-stopper ladles with remote control of the stoppers. Metallurg 7 no.4:21-23 Ap '62. (NIRA 15:3)

(Open-hearth furnaces—Equipment and supplies)

(Remote control)

KLIMASENKO, L.S. Geroy Sotsialisticheskogo Truda; FOMINYKH, V.I.

New metallurgical giant in the western part of the country.

Metallurg 9 no.4:3-5 Ap '64. (MIRA 17:9)

1. Direktor Zapadno-Sibirskogo metallurgicheskogo savoda (for Klimasenko). 2. Zamestitel nachal'nika domennogo tsekha Zapadno-Sibirskogo metallurgicheskogo zavoda (for Fominykh).

307/20-127-4-31/60 5(2) Usachev, D. N., Klimasenko, N. L., Vagramyan, A. T. AUTHORS. On the Machanism of Electrolytic Reduction of the Ions MnO. TITLE: SeO, " . ReO, to at Simultaneous Procipitation With Chromium Doklady Akademii nauk 3552, 1959, Vol 127, Nr 4, pp 838-839 PERIODICAL: (NEER) For the reduction of hoxavalent chronium to metal it is neces-ABSTRACT: sary that the cathode is covered with a file preventing the reduction of hexavalent to trivalent chronium. For the fermation of this film, the presence of foreign ions in the solution is necessary (Refs 1, 2, 3). The nochanism of chronium reduction under these conditions is assumed in such a way that the discharging chromium enters the film as an amion to the other film-producing anions, and that these foreign anions are reduced on the oathodo together with chronium. The examination of this assumption is carried out in the present paper. For this purpose, the reduction of a number of amions in chromic-soid solution was investigated with the addition of sulphuric acid. The choice of netals was small, for they had to form amions in the chromic-acid medium. The substances mentioned in the title Card 1/2

TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF

On the Mechanism of Electrolytic Reduction of the 307/20-127-4-31/60 Ions Ero, Seo, Reo, Reo, Reo, et Simultaneous Precipitation 71th Chronium

ASSCCIATION:

Institut fizicheskoy khimii Akademii rauk SSSR (Institute of

Physical Chemistry of the Academy of Sciences, USSR)

PRESENTED:

April 13, 1959, by P. A. Rebinder, Academician

SUBMITTED:

April 13, 1959

Card 2/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/18/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000723110013-3"

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POPKOY, A.P.; KLIMASERKO, H.L.; VAGRANYAN, A.T.

Polarisation in the electrodeposition of nickel, cobalt, and iron on a solid and liquid cathods. Zhur. fis. khim. 34 no.8:1741-1744 Ag 160. (MIRA 13:9)

1..Akademiya nauk SSSR, Institut fizicheskoy khimii.
(Iron plating) (Mickel plating) (Cobalt)
(Polarizarion (Electricity))

S/076/61/035/003/018/023 B121/B206

AUTHORS:

Vagramyan, A. T., Usachev, D. N., and Klimasenko, N. L.

TITLE:

Effect of film composition on alloy formation during electrodeposition of chromium together with other elements

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal fizioheskoy khimii, v. 35, no. 3, 1961, 647-650

TEXT: The effect of film composition on the electrodeposition of chromium together with other elements was studied. It was established that the deposition of metallic chromium depends on the composition of the film and not on the composition of the electrolyte solution. Investigation of the cathodic polarization in an electrolyte consisting of 2.5 moles/1 of CrO₂ and 0.025 mole/1 of selenic acid on a gold cathode showed that, in principle, the effect of selenic acid on the electroreduction of chromic acid is the same as that of sulfuric acid. An alloy of chromium with selenium forms on the cathode during this process. This alloy also forms when adding selenious acid instead of selenic acid. The reduction rate of the chromium ions is affected, not by the ion concentration in the electrolyte, but by the ion concentration in the film. The change of the composition of the Cr-Se alloy Card 1/3

8/076/61/035/003/018/023 B121/B206

Effect of film ...

on a change of the concentration of selenic acid in a 2.5 K chromic zecid solution at a current density of 0.50 s/cm2 and a temperature of 20°C was also investigated on platinum electrodes. The results showed that the percentage of selenium in the alloy rises to 0.15 mole/1 with an increase of the selenium concentration in the solution. The composition of the Cr-Se alloy remains unchanged with a further increase of the selenium concentration. The same rule was also established for a replacement of selenic acid by selenious acid. During electroreduction the permanganate ion has no reducing effect on chromic acid. The ability of forming a film on the cathode thus depends first of all on the nature of the anions. The effect of the sulfuric-acid concentration on the percentage of selenium in the Cr-Se alloy during deposition from a solution with 2.5 moles/l of chromic acid and 0.1 mole/1 of selenic acid was studied, and it was established that the selenium content in the electrolytic deposit decreases with increasing sulfuric-acid concentration. Partial exchange of sulfuric acid for selenic acid in the film results in a decrease of the reduction rate of the selenium ions. There are 3 figures and 5 references: 4 Soviet-bloc and 1 non-Soviet-bloc. The reference to the English-language publication reads as follows: C. Kasper, J. Res. Nat. Bur. Standards, 9, 353, 1932. Card 2/3

8/076/61/035/003/018/023 B121/B206

Effect of film ...

Institut fizicheskoy khimii Akademiya nauk SSSR (Institute of Physical Chemistry Academy of Sciences USSR)

SUBMITTED: July 13, 1959

Card 3/3

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/18/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000723110013-3" 1日4 - 「日本記録」の「日本記録」の「日本記録」である。 「日本記録」の「日本記録』の「日本記述』の「日本記

s/080/62/035/008/005/009 D267/D308

AUTHORS:

Solov'yeva, Z.A., Petrova, Yu.S., Klimasenko, N.L.,

and Vagramyan, A.T.

TITLE:

Composition and properties of the cathode film forming

during the electrodeposition of chromium

PERIODICAL:

Zhurnal prikladnoy khimii, v. 35, no. 8, 1962,

1806 - 1811

The variation of concentrations of the ions Cr6+ and Cr3+ (volumetric method) and SO₄²⁻ (gravimetric method) was studied in the deposited film, as a function of the concentration of H2SO4 and H2CrO4 in the solution, and the variation of the rate of deposition from H2CrO4 to Cr, in order to carry out a more complete investigation of the film composition. The coatings obtained in the course of 2 min on a 6 cm² chromium-plated copper strip were either dissolved in distilled water or directly removed into a test tube. The so-Card 1/2

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/18/2001

CIA-RDP86-00513R000723110013-3 8/080/62/035/008/005/009 D267/D308

Composition and properties of the ... lutions contained 25, 50, 100 or 250 g/l H2CrO4 and 0.5 - 12.5 g/l H_2SO_4 , the temperature was $\sim 20^{\circ}C$ and the current density 250 or 500 ma/cm2. Formation of two types of films was established: 1) Films obtained in the presence of H2SO4 distinguished by a macroscopic structure, soluble in the electrolyte in the absence of current and contributing to the reduction H2CrO4 -> Cr; 2) films obtained during an electrolysis without H2SO4 or when H2CrO4 acts without current on the cathode metal, possessing a microscopic structure, insoluble in the electrolyte. The latter do not contribute to the reduction of H2CrO4. The relative concentration of Cr3+ and SO42- in the films of the first type increases as the current density and the concentration of H2SO4 increases and as the concentration of H2CrO4 decreases. There are 4 tables.

June 22, 1961 SUBMITTED:

Card 2/2

VOLKOV, M.I., prof.; IVAHOV, F.N.kand.tekhn.nauk; KLIMASHEV, F.S.,insh.; KOHOLEV, I.V., insh.; KUHUMHKOV, B.I., insh.; MYSHKOVSKATA, S.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; HEKRASOV, V.K., kand.tekhn.nauk; SPERAMOV, W.A., kand.tekhn.nauk; SPERAMOV, W.A., LAKHMAN, T.Ye., tekhn.red.

[Metallurgical slags in road construction] Netallurgicheskie shlaki v doroshnom stroitel'stve. Moskva, Mauchno-tekhn.isd-vo M-va avtomobil'nogo transp. i shosseinykh dorog RSFSE, 1959.

(Road materials) (Slag)

KLIMASHEV, Fedor Sergeyevich; KURDERKUV, Boris Ivanovich; NEKRASOV, Vladinir Kohstartinovich; YAKOVLEVA, A.I., red.; WIKOLAYEVA, L.M., tekhn. red.

[Construction of base couses of lew-strength coarsely crushed stone]
Stroitel'stvo doroshoykh cenovanii is krupcogo shchabnia ponishemoi prochnosti. Moskva, Mauchno-tekhn. isd-vo M-va avtomobil'noge transp.

i shosseinykh dorog REFER, 1961. 43 p.

(Road construction)

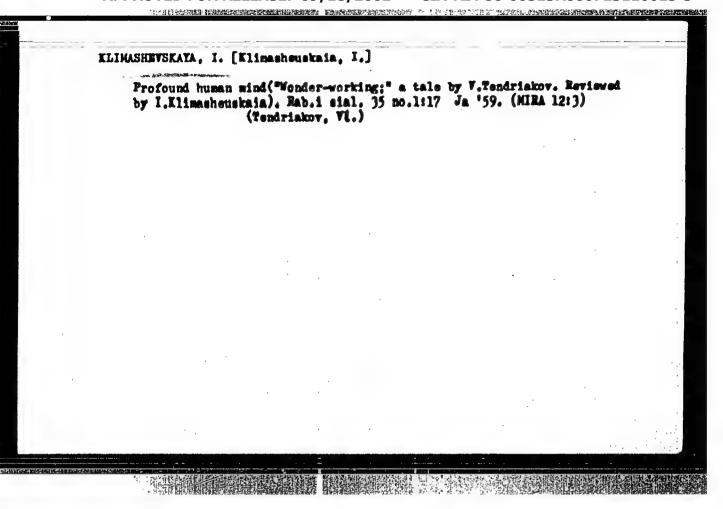
(Stone, Crushed)

KLIMASHAUSKAS, A.I. [Klimasauskas, A.]; GAYGALAS, A.I. [Gaigalas, A.]

· construct them are the second section of the second seco

1. Institut geologii i geografii AN Litovskoy SSR.

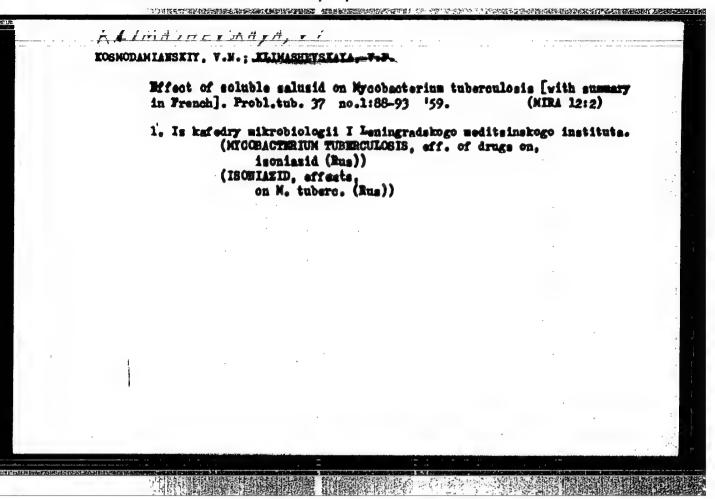
**RLIMASHEVSKAYA. I. [Klimasheuskaia, I.] **Bternal theme* by Alena Vasilevich. Reviewed by I. Klimasheusikaia. Rab. i sial. 34 no.4:19-20 Ap '58. (Vasilevich, Alena) (Vasilevich, Alena)



KLIKASHEVSKAYA, V.F.

Pathogenic properties of staphylecocci isolated from patients with osteoarticular tuberculosis, Probl. tuberk., Noskva No.6:25-30 Nov-Dec 51. (CIML 21:4)

1. Of Leningred Institute of Surgical Tuberculesis (Director-Frof. P.G. Kornev, Active Member of the Academy of Medical Sciences; Scientific Supervisor-Frof V.E. Kosmodanyanskiy).



KIIMAMEVERAYA, V.F.

Microflora of the sputum in pulmonary tuborculosis complicated with anylorosis. Probl. tub. 41 no.3:A-79 '63. (MRA 17:9)

1. Is kafedry mikroblogii (may - recf. V.N.Kosmedminnskiy) i is kliniki lagochnogo tuborkulesa (may. - prof. A.Ya.7Sigel'nik)
I leningradskogo meditsinskogo .netituta imeni Pavlova.

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DVINSKIY, Emmanuil Yakovlevich; OPUL'SKIY, A., red.; KLIMASHEVSKIY, A., kartograf; YAKOVLEVA, Ye., tekhn. red.

[Moscow; tourist's companion] Moskva; sputnik turista. Moskva, Hosk. rabochii, 1961. 479 p. (MIRA 15:2)

(Moscow—Guidebooks)

KLIMASHKYSKIY, A. V., inch.

New operating conditions of railroad sections and the strengthening of their economic accountability. Zhel.dor.transp. 42 no.8:61-62 Ag '60. (MIRA 13:8)

中国,我们是我们,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的一个,一个,一个,一个,一个,一个,一个,一个,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的, "我们是我们,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的一个,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的,我们就是我们的一个,我们就是我

1. Machal'nik planovo-tekhniko-ekonomicheskogo otdela Belovskogo otdeleniya Tomskoy dorogi, g.Belovo.
(Railroads--Accounts, bookkeeping, etc.)

Klimasheuskiy

USSR/Soil Science. Mineral Fertilizers.

I-5

Abs Jour: Referat Zh-Biol., No 6, 25 March, 1957, 22494

Author : Klimashevskiy, R.L.

Inst

Title

: The Effect of Boron Fertilizers and Organic-Mineral Mixtures on

Corn Crops.

Orig Pub: Agrobiologiya, 1956, No 3, 108-109

Abstract: The effect of fertilizers on corn crops was tested at the experimental base of the Sverdklovsk Oblast' experimental station. With 25 ton/hectare of manure, the yield of corn green mass increased by 115 centners/hectare; the addition of a mixture of 3 tons of humas, 3 centners of lime and 0.5 centner of superphosphate (I) perhectare in the nidus of planting caused a crop increase of 106 centner/hectare, but the addition of a mixture of I together with 25 kg/hectars of borax increased the crop to 359 centners/

Card

: 1/2 Sverdlovskaya oblastnaya polevodcheskaya oplytnaya stantaiya

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/18/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000723110013-3"

USSR/Soil Science. Mineral Fertilizers.

I-5

Abs Jour: Referat Zh-Biol., No 6, 25 March, 1957, 22494

hectare, i.e. by 172 centners/hectare. In another experiment, when boron fertilizers were used, an increase in corn crop by 30-50% was noted; boron fertilizers are especially effective in the presence of lime.

Card : 2/2

-11-

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USSR / General and Specialized Zoology. Insects.

D

TO BE WELL THE THE TAX TO BE SEEN THE TAX TO BE SEE

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 2, 1958, 6782.

Author : Klimashevskiy, E. L.

Inst : Not given.

Title : The Utilization of Hexachlorocyclohexane and

of Trace Elements.

Orig Pub: Zashohita rast. ot vredit. i bolezney, 1957,

No 1, 48-49.

Abstract: Clover seeds were treated with a mixture of the following solutions: of borax (0.2%), of cobalt chloride (0.04%), of manganese sulphate (0.4%) and of ammonium molybdate (0.001%). The seeds were moistened for 12 hours, dried and immediately (in corresponding varieties) dusted with a 12% hexachlorocyclohoxane (HCCH) dust. (2 kg/c). The following measures secured an increase in the yield of hay from a mixture of grasses for two

Card 1/2

USSR / General and Specialized Zoology. Insects. P

ARBRONED FOR PELEASE: 109/18/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000723110013-3"

Abstract: years: moistening the seeds in water by 104%, moistening the seeds and powdering with HCCH-by 129.2%, powdering with HCCH-by 132%, moistening the seeds in a mixture of microelements-by 147.8%, moistening in a mixture of trace elements and powdering with HCCH by 164.5%, dusting the grass with HCCH three times 15/V, 21/VI and 15/VII- by 134.6%, introduction of HCCH (100 kg per hectare) into the soil-by 143.2%. Dusting the seeds with HCCH led to greater growth of plant bushes; the latter were less damaged by the wire bugs and the plantings, especially when microelements were used, wintered better. Dusting the grass with HCCH decreased the damage to clover by the clover seed enter, while HCCH stimulated the development in the soil of nitrobacteria. -- A. P. Adrianov.

Card 2/2

USSR / Cultivated Plants. Fodders.

M-4

Abs Jour: Ref Zhur-Biol., No 6, 1958, 25097

: Klimashevskiy, E.

: The Ural Inst. of Agriculture Inst

: The Dense Sowing of Corn and Sunflower with Legumes Title

Orig Pub: Kolkhoznoye proiz-vo, 1957, No 4, 42

Abstract: At the Ural Institute of Agriculture (in Sverd-

lovskaya Oblast') on a 3 year average the following masses were obtained in centners per ha.: sun-flower 421.7, and in a leguminous-oat mixture 509.4,

corn 274.2, and in a leguminous-oats mixture 339.5.
-- Ye. V. Kolesnikov

Card 1/1

90

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/18/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000723110013-3" USSR/Cultivated Plants. Fodders.

M_k

Abs Jour

: Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, 29857

Author

: Klimashevskiy, E.L.

Inst

: The Sverdlovsk Affiliate of the All-Union Institute for

Plant Cultivation.

Title

: Corn Cultivation in the Contral Urals.

Orig Pub

: Kukuruza, 1957, No 7, 61-63.

Abstract

Three year long experimentation at the Sverdlovsk Experimental Station and Affiliate of the All-Union Institute for Plant Cultivation has shown that under the conditions provailing in Sverdlovskaya Oblast', only the cultivation of late and medium ripening corn varieties for green stuff is justified. In square-pocket planting the green smass yield depends to a significant degree on the plant density. A reduction of the space between the bunches to 45 cm.

Card 1/2

- 42 -

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Abs Jour : Ref Zhur - Biol., No 7, 1958, 29857

with an increase in the number of plants (to 6-8) per group significantly raised the green stuff yield.

KLIMASHEVSKIY, N.L.

Influence of boron on corn yield on acid Turf-Podsol soils. Dokl.
Akad. sel'khos. 23 no.2123-25 58. (MIRA 11:5)

1. Uraliskiy nauchno-iseledovateliskiy institut seliskogo khosymystva. Predstavlena akademikom I.I. Samoylovym.
(Boron) (Goru (Maise))

AUTHOR :

Klimashevskiy, E.L.

SOV-26-58-3-36/51

TITLE:

The Formation of Above-Ground Tubers of the Potato (Obrazova-

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niye nadzemnykh klubney kartofelya)

PERIODICAL:

Priroda, 1958, Wr 3, p 113 (USSR)

ABSTRACT:

During the potato harvest at "Istok" experimental farm of the Urals Scientific Agricultural Research Institute, a potato plant of the Berlichingen type was found which had no under-ground tubers at all but small aerial tubers on the stalks in the axils instead. It was found out that the root system had suffered severe damage by wireworms and ensuing rot during the vegetative period. There is 1 photo.

ASSOCIATION: Ural'skiy nauchno-issledovatel'skiy institut sel'skogo khozyayatva-Sverdlovsk (Urals Scientific Agricultural Research Institute-Sverdlovsk)

1. Potatoes -- Growth 2. Potatoes -- Pathology

Card 1/1

APPROVED FOR RELEASE: 09/18/2001 CIA-RDP86-00513R000723110013-3"

KLIMASHEVSKIY, M.L.

Applying organomineral fertiliser mixtures to corn on acid turf-Poduolic soils. Agrobiologiia no.3:419-427 My-Je *59. (MIRA 1219)

1. Uraliskiy nauchno-issledovateliskiy inatitut seliakogo khosyaystva, g.Sverdlovsk.
(Corn(Maise)--Fextilisers and manures)

ELIMASHEVSKIT, E., starshiy mauchayy setrudnik

Applying lime to acid scile before planting corn. Mauka 1
pered.ep. v sel'khos. 9 no.3:13-15 Mr '59. (MIRA 12:5)

1. Ural'skiy mauchae-isoledevatel'skiy institut sel'skogo
khosymystva. (Lime) (Corn (Maise))

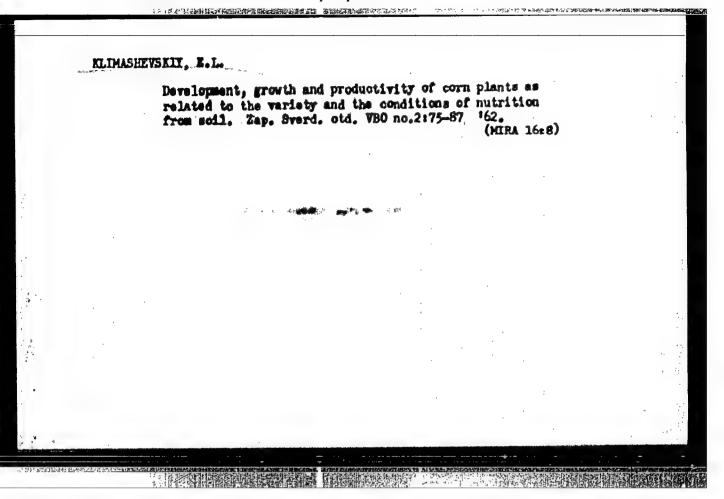
KLIMHSHE forty Fire

KLIMASHEVKSIY, E. L., Cand Biol Sci (diss) -- "The effect of the reaction of the environment and calcification of the soil on certain physiological-bio-chemical processes, development, growth, and yield of corn". Sverdlovsk, 1960.

16 pp (Min Higher and Inter Spec Educ RSFSR, Ural State U im A. M. Gor'kiy),

150 copies (KL, No 15, 1960, 133)

ELIMASHEVSKIY, E.L. Effect of the pH value of nutrient solutions on growth and some physiological and biochemical processes in corn. Dokl.AH 555R 134 no.4:969-971 0 '60. (MIRA 13:9) 1. Ural'skiy nauchno-isələdovatel'skiy institut sel'skogo khosyaystva. Predstavleno akad. A.L. Lursanovym. (Corn (Maise)) (Soil acidity)



KLIMASHEVSKIY, E.L.

Effect of some environmental factors on the growth characteristics of corn varieties differing in their ripening rate. Fisiol. rast. 10 no. (HIRA 17:1)

1. Institute of Biology and Soil, Far East Branch of U.S.S.R. Academy of Sciences, Vladivostok.

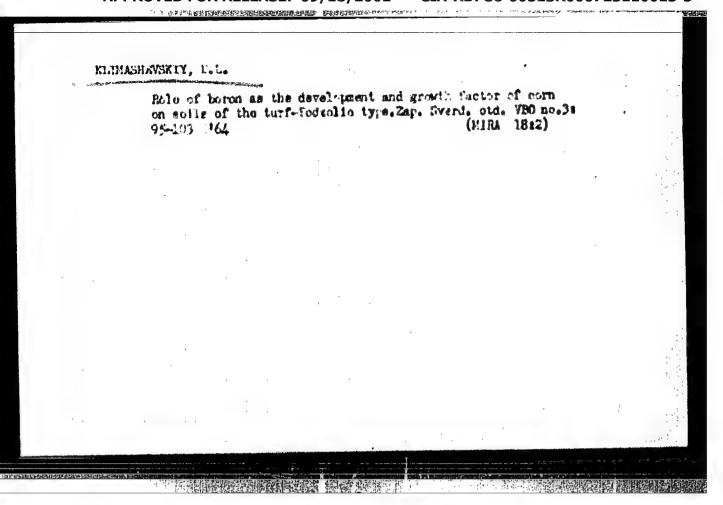
KLIMARHEVSKIY, Eduard Leonardovich; TUYEVA, O.F., otv. red.; KRASIL'NIKOVA, G.V., red.izd-va; YEGOROVA, R.F., tekhn. red.

[Nutrition of corn in turf Podsolic soils] Pitanie kukurusy na dernovo-podsolistykh pochvakh. Moskva, Isd-vo "Nauka," 1964. 110 p. (HIRA 17:3)

KLIMASHEVSKIY, E.L.; KARPOV, Ye.A.

Hew types of combined treatment of seeds before sowing. Isv.
SO AN SSSR no.12. Ser. biol.-med. nauk no.3:60-65 '63.
(MIRA 17:4)

1. Dal'nevostochnyy filial Sibirskogo otdeleniya AN SSSR,
Vladivostok.



Work results of the international conference in Foland on the problems of geomorphological mapping. Inv. 45 55SR. Ser. geog. no. 6:122-125 E-D '62. (RIEA 15:12)

USER/Electr	oni	cs - Amateur wireless telephony	
Gard 1/1		Pub. 89 - 17/30	e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e
Authors	•	Klimashin, A., and Rybkin, V.	
Title	•	Mireless telephony contests	
Periodical		Radio 3, page 34, Mar 1955	4 3 4
Abstract		An account is given of the activities of owners of amateur wireless telephone transmitting and receiving sets, particularly with reference	attra .
lbstract		An account is given of the activities of owners of amateur victoes telephone transmitting and receiving sets, particularly with refere to a recent contest which lasted for four hours and in which the contestants tried to make connections with the largest number of other final decision as to the winner depending also on the number of diautonomous republics of the Soviet Union and foreign satellite courseached. Illustration.	on- rs, the stricts,
Abstract Institution		telephone transmitting and receiving sets, particularly with release to a recent contest which lasted for four hours and in which the creatants tried to make connections with the largest number of other final decision as to the winner depending also on the number of disautonomous republics of the Soviet Union and foreign satellite courseached. Illustration.	on- rs, the stricts,

KLIMASHIN.A.; RYEKIN.V.

The tenth all-union short wave radio operators' competition.
Radio no.6:42 Je 155. (MERA 8:8)

1. Operatory radiostantsii UAZKAE
(Radio operators--Gompetitions)

	SHIN, A.		
USER/Hisco	Llaneous - Radio amateur contests		
Oerd 1/1	Pub. 89 - 21/30	<u> </u>	
Authors	& Klimashin, A., and Rybkin, V.		
Title	s Tenth All-Union competition of short-wave radio smateurs		
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Periodical	1 Radio 6, page 42, Jun 1955		'. J
•	1 Radio 6, page 42, Jun 1955 2 Honoring the 60-th anniversary of the development of radio to the DOSAAF organised the All-Union competitions of short-way teurs who presented and demonstrated their achievements in technique radio transmission and reception.	e regle an	
batract	Honoring the 60-th anniversary of the development of radio to the DOSAAF organised the All-Union competitions of short-wave teurs who presented and demonstrated their achievements in techniques radio transmission and reception.	e regle an	
batract Institution	Honoring the 60-th anniversary of the development of radio to the DOSAAF organised the All-Union competitions of short-wave teurs who presented and demonstrated their achievements in techniques radio transmission and reception.	e regle an	
Periodical (batract Institution Submitted	Honoring the 60-th anniversary of the development of radio to the DOSAAF organised the All-Union competitions of short-wave teurs who presented and demonstrated their achievements in techniques radio transmission and reception.	e regle an	

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	Competit	ion of wa	en short-	4ave opera	tors				
leel i	Radio 1.	page 19							
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		Competitions Redical Region 1. An accomparator symbols	Competition of wo	Constition of tones, short- load 1 Radio 1, page 13, Jan 56 An account is given of the operators, either as indivisyabols of these groups,	Constition of water short-wave operations of the activities operators, either as individuals or symbols of these groups.	Competition of Manage Short-wave operators Leel 9 Radio 1, page 13 Jan 56 At a account is given of the activities of vario operators, either as individuals or through the symbols of these groups.	Constition of Manage short-wave operators Local B Radio 1, page 13; Jan 56 An account is given of the activities of various women operators, either as individuals or through their group symbols of these groups.	Competition of Masen short-wave operators Local S Radio 1, page 13 Jan 56 An account is given of the activities of various women amnisur operators, either as individuals or through their groups with symbols of these groups.	Composition of Mann Short-wave operators [601] Radio 1, page 13, Jan 56 [8] An account is given of the activities of various women amateur radio operators, either as individuals or through their groups with the let symbols of these groups.

107-57-4-10/54

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AUTHOR: Klimashin, A., and Zakharov, V.

TITLE: The Second "Field Day" Will Take Place on August 10-11 (10-11 Avgusta -- vtoroy "polevoy den'")

PERIODICAL: Radio, 1957, Nr 4, pp 10-11 (USSR)

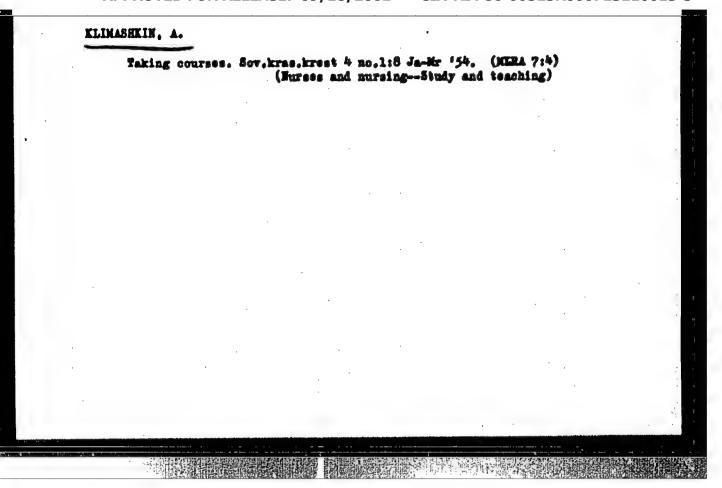
ABSTRACT: The radio operator team which won first prize in the 1956 "Field Day" reports its experience in this article. The team of the radio station UA3KAE (077576), which included A. Klimashin, V. Zakharov (UA3FU), and G. Semenikhin (077538), began preparations for the contest as early as April, 1956. The contest took place in Vlasovka village, Moscow oblast. A low-power consumption 38-40 and 144-146 mc radio receiver was selected for the contest. A 2.5-watt 38-40 mc transmitter was built. Yu. Prizemlin (064020) built a special four-element horizontally polarized antenna (see Radio, 1957, Nr 2). The station was tested in actual operation two days before the contest. A series of hitches, drawbacks and mistakes of the 1956 "Field Day" is described in the article and remedies are suggested.

There is one photo showing Ufa ultrashort-wave hams during the 1956 "Field...

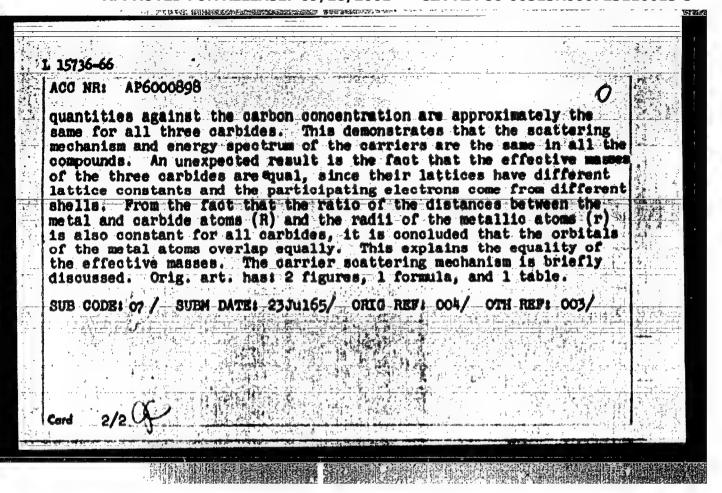
There is one photo showing Ufa ultrashort-wave hams during the 1956 'Field Day."

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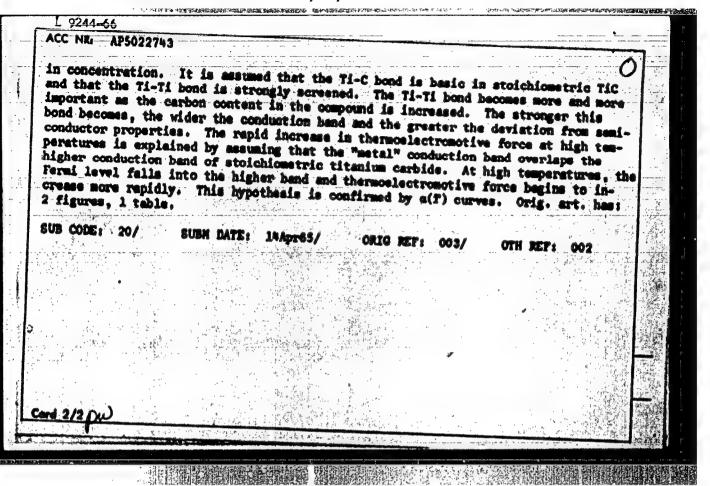
Card 1/1



ACC NR: AP6000898 SOURCE CODE: UR/0181/65/007/012/3698/3700 AUTHORS: Colikova, C. A.; Avgustinnik, A. I.; Klimmahin, G. M.; Kozlovskiy, L. V.; Ordan'yan, S. S.; Snetkova, V. A. ORG: Institute of Semiconductors, AN SSSR, Leningrad (Institut B) poluprovodnikov AN SSSR) TITLE: Electric properties of Carbides of the transition metals of group IV SOURCE: Fisika tverdogo tela, v. 7, no. 12, 1965, 3698-3700 TOPIC TAGS: titanium compound, zirconium carbide, hafnium compound, carbide, thermal emf, Hall constant, resistivity, transition element ABSTRACT: The purpose of the investigation was to compare the electric properties (thermal emf, resistivity, Hall constant) of TiC, 2rC HfC as functions of the composition in the temperature interval 300 - 1500K. The data on TiC were taken from an earlier investigation by the authors (FIT v. 7, 2860, 1965). The ZrC and HfC were prepared by the same technology as the TiC. The plots of all the measured Cord 1/2	b agant se					
ORG: Institute of Semiconductors, AN SSSR, Leningrad (Institut poluprovednikov AN SSSR) TITLE: Electric properties of carbides of the transition metals of group IV SOURCE: Fisika tverdogo tela, v. 7, no. 12, 1965, 3698-3700 TOPIC TAGS: titanium compound, zirconium carbide, hafnium compound, carbide, thermal emf, Hall constant, resistivity, transition element ABSTRACT: The purpose of the investigation was to compare the electric properties (thermal emf, resistivity, Hall constant) of TiC, ZrC HfC as functions of the composition in the temperature interval 300 1500K. The data on TiC were taken from an earlier investigation by the authors (FTT v. 7, 2860, 1965). The ZrC and HfC were prepared by the same technology as the TiC. The plots of all the measured		The state of the s	Source (XXX UR/0181/0	55/007/012/3698/	3700
TITLE: Riectric properties of <u>carbides</u> of the <u>transition metals</u> of group IV SOURCE: Fisika tverdogo tela, v. 7, no. 12, 1965, 3698-3700 TOPIC TAGS: titanium compound, zirconium carbide, hafnium compound, carbide, thermal emf, Hall constant, resistivity, transition element ABSTRACT: The purpose of the investigation was to compare the electric properties (thermal emf, resistivity, Hall constant) of TiC, ZrO, HIC as functions of the composition in the temperature interval 300 1500K. The data on TiO were taken from an earlier investigation by the authors (FTT v. 7, 2860, 1965). The ZrC and HrO were prepared by the same technology as the TiC. The plots of all the measured	AUTHORS: Kozlovsk	Golikova.	O. A.; Avgusti Ordan'yan, 8.	nnik, A. I.; 3 8.; Snetkova,	Climashin. G. M. V. A.	5
SOURCE: Fisika tverdogo tela, v. 7, no. 12, 1965, 3698-3700 TOPIC TAGS: titanium compound, zirconium carbide, hafnium compound, carbide, thermal emf, Hall constant, resistivity, transition element ABSTRACT: The purpose of the investigation was to compare the electric properties (thermal emf, resistivity, Hall constant) of TiC, ZrC HfC as functions of the composition in the temperature interval 300 1500K. The data on TiC were taken from an earlier investigation by the authors (FTT v. 7, 2860, 1965). The ZrC and HfC were prepared by the same technology as the TiC. The plots of all the measured	ORG: <u>In</u> poluprov	stitute of S odnikov AN S	emiconductors, / SSR)	N 888R, Lenings	ad (Institut	B
SOURCE: Fisiks tverdogo tels, v. 7, no. 12, 1965, 3698-3700 TOPIC TAGS: titanium compound, zirconium carbide, hafnium compound, carbide, thermal emf, Hall constant, resistivity, transition element ABSTRACT: The purpose of the investigation was to compare the electric properties (thermal emf, resistivity, Hall constant) of TiC, ZrC HfC as functions of the composition in the temperature interval 300 1500K. The data on TiC were taken from an earlier investigation by the authors (FTT v. 7, 2860, 1965). The ZrC and HfC were prepared by the same technology as the TiC. The plots of all the measured	TITLE:	Blectric pro	perties of <u>car'</u>	ides of the tr	nsition metals	of
ABSTRACT: The purpose of the investigation was to compare the electric properties (thermal emf, resistivity, Hall constant) of TiC, ZrC HfC as functions of the composition in the temperature interval 300 1500K. The data on TiC were taken from an earlier investigation by the authors (FTT v. 7, 2860, 1965). The ZrC and HfC were prepared by the same technology as the TiC. The plots of all the measured			dogo tela, v. 1	, no. 12, 1965,	3698-3700	
tric properties (thermal emf, resistivity, Hall constant) of TiC, ZrC, HfC as functions of the composition in the temperature interval 300 1500K. The data on TiC were taken from an earlier investigation by the authors (FTT v. 7, 2860, 1965). The ZrC and HfC were prepared by the same technology as the TiC. The plots of all the measured	TOPIC TA	GS: titaniu thermal emf	m compound, zir , Hall constant	conium carbide, resistivity,	hafnium compou transition element	nd,
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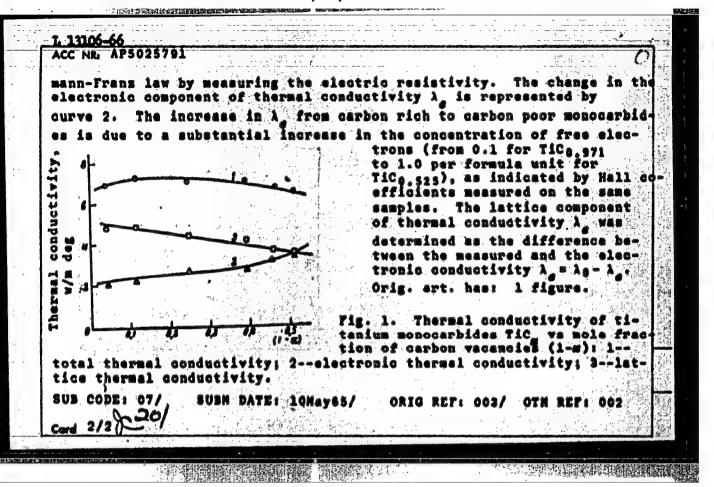
AVGUSTINIK, A. 7. NIJAKUSHA, G.M., EOZLOVSKIY, L.V.

Study of the synthesis of pure titanium carbide by the metalograms method. lav. AN SSSR. Neorg. mat. 1 no.6:830-834

Ja '05. (MIRA 18:8)

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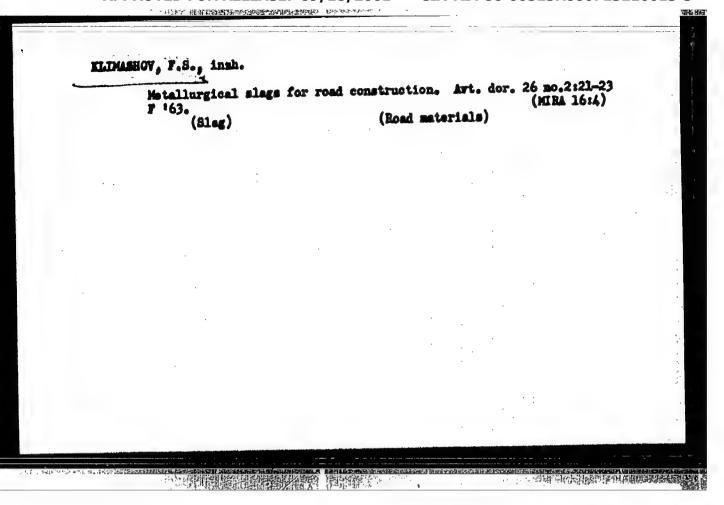
L 13106-66 BAT(m)/EAP(t)/EAP(b) IJP(o) JD_ ACC NR. APS025791 SOURCE CODE: UR/0363/65/001/009/1545/1546 AUTHOR: Neshpor, V. S. ; Klimashin, G. H. ORG: State Order of the Labor Red Banner Institute of Applied Chemistre (Gosudarstvennyy ordena Trudovogo Krasnogo snameni institut prikladnoy khimii); Leningrad Technological Institute (Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut) TITLE: Thermal conductivity of titanium monogarbide function of carbon content in the region of homogeneity SOURCE: AN SSSR. Isvestiys. Meorganicheskiye materialy, y. 1. 1965, 1545-1546 TOPIC TAGS: titanium compound, carbide, heat conductivity ABSTRACT: Samples of titenium monocarbides TiCe.971-0.525 ed by direct synthesis of the carbide from the components followed by sintering of bars pressed from the carbide. The samples consisted of a single phase and had a cubic NaCl-type lattice. The dependence of the thermal conductivity on the mole fraction (1-x) of carbon vacancies in TiC, monocarbides was measured and is shown in fig. 1. The contribution of free electrons to thermal conductivity was determined from t UDCi 546.824'261 Card 1/2



BARSOV, Alekney Sergeyevich; KLIMASHIN, Ivan Petrovich; GORELIK,
Laya., red.

[Electronic computers and agricultural production] Elektronnye vychialitel'nye mashiny i sel'skokhosiaistvennoe
proisvodstvo. Meakva, Ekonomika, 1965. 131 p.

(MIRA 18:12)



SOKOLOV, G.A.; ZUYEV, I.M.; LOBANOV, V.V.; ZUBAREV, A.G.; KLDMASHIN, P.S.

Treatment of converter and open-hearth steel with electric furnace
(MIRA 18:1)

1. Moskovskiy institut stali i splavov i Novolipetskiy metallurgichaskiy savod.

SCROLOV, G.A.; ZUTEV, I.M.; KLIMASHIN, P.S.
Siphom device for draining liquid slag from the ladle.
(MIRA 18:4)

1. Moskovskiy institut stall i splavov i Novolipetakiy metallurgicheskiy savod.

OYKS, G.N.; SOKOLOV, G.A.; ZUYEV, I.M.; FETROV, V.K.; ZUBAREV, A.G.; KLIMASHIN, P.S.

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Treatment of liquid transformer steel in the ladle. Stal' 25 no.8:711-715 Ag '65. (MIRA 18:8)

MATINE)/MAP(e)/MAP(t)/MTI IJP(e) AT/MH/JD/JO/GD L 00295-67 SOURCE CODE: UR/0000/65/000/000/0241/0244 ACC NR A16027151 Avgustinik, A. I.; Golikova, O. A.; Klimashin, G. M.; Koslovskiy, L. V.; AUTHOR: Neshpor. V. B. ORG: none TITIE: Dependence of certain electrophysical properties of titanium monocarbide on the carbon content SCURCE: AN SSSR. Otdeleniye obshchey i tekhnicheskoy khimii. Issledovaniya v oblasti khimii silikatov i okislov (Studies in the field of chemistry of silicates and oxides). Hoscow, Isd-vo Nauka, 1965, 241-244 TOPIC TAGS: titanium compound, carbide, Hell constant, Hell mobility, conduction electron, resistivity, carbon ABSTRACT: The dependence of the resistivity ρ , thermal enf α and Hall constant R of titanium monocarbides on the carbon content was studied in the region of homogeneity on samples prepared from powdered Ti and acetylene black at 1750°. All the samples showed a negative Hall constant, indicating an n-type conductivity; the absolute value of R decreases rapidly with decreasing carbon content, indicating an increase in the concentration of free conduction electrons. The absolute differential thermal emf also decreases with diminishing carbon content. The resistivity decreases with decreasing carbon content in monocarbide phases TiCk, this being in accord with the in-172 Cord

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AUTHOR: Avgustinik, A. I.; Golikova, O. A.; Klimashin, G. H.; Koslovskiy, L. V. CRG: none 7 TITLE: Effect of exygen on certain properties of titanium carbide SOURCE: AN SSSR. Otdeleniye obshchey i tekhnicheskoy khimii. Issledovaniya v oblasti khimii silikatov i okislov (Studies in the field of chemistry of silicates and exided. Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1965, 244-250 TOPIC TAGS: titanium compound, carbide, exygen impurity ABSTRACT: In a study of alloys of the TiC-TiO-Ti system, x-ray structural data showed that the contamination of TiC _X with exygen causes a decrease in the size of the unit cell, this effect being more pronounced the closer the composition is to the stoichiometric proportion of TiC _X . This along with the influence of vacancies accounts for the great scatter of results obtained by various authors in their study of the lattice parameter of TiC _{1,Q} . The melting point and microhardness of titanium carbide contaminated with exygen decrease with increasing number of defects in the lattice, and to a lesser degree depend on the kind of metalloid atoms. As the exygen content rises, the microbrittleness decreases at first, then begins to increase because of increasing ionic bond character. The electron concentration in tit-ium carbide containing some	06296-6	57 EVT(m)/EV AT6027152	P(e)/EMP(t)/EFI (A)		/JD/JG/GD 81 UR/0000/65/000	/000/0244/0250
SOURCE: AN SSSR. Otdeleniye obshchey i tekhnicheskoy khimii. Issledovaniya v oblasti khimii silikatov i okislov (Studies in the field of chemistry of silicates and oxides). Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1965, 244-250 TOPIC TAGS: titanium compound, carbide, oxygen impurity AESTRACT: In a study of alloys of the TiC-TiO-Ti system, x-ray structural dia showed that the contamination of TiC _x with oxygen causes a decrease in the size of the unit cell, this effect being more pronounced the closer the composition is to the stoichiometric proportion of TiC _x . This along with the influence of vacancies accounts for the great scatter of results obtained by various authors in their study of the lattice parameter of TiC _{1,0} . The melting point and microhardness of titanium carbide contaminated with oxygen decrease with increasing number of defects in the lattice, and to a lesser degree depend on the kind of motalloid atoms. As the oxygen centent rises, the microbrittleness decreases at first, then begins to increase because of increasing ionic bond character. The electron concentration in titanium carbide contains.	AUTHOR:	Avgustinik, A	I.; Golikova,	•		
SOURCE: AN SSSR. Otdeleniye obshohey i tekhnicheskoy khimii. Issledovaniya v oblasti khimii silikatov i okislov (Studies in the field of chemistry of silicates and oxides). Moscow, Izd-vo Nauka, 1965, 244-250 TOPIC TAGS: titanium compound, carbide, oxygen impurity ABSTRACT: In a study of alloys of the TiC-TiO-Ti system, x-ray structural data showed that the contamination of TiC _X with oxygen causes a decrease in the size of the unit cell, this effect being more pronounced the closer the composition is to the stoichiometric proportion of TiC _X . This along with the influence of vacancies accounts for the great scatter of results obtained by various authors in their study of the lattice parameter of TiC _{1.0} . The melting point and microhardness of titanium carbide contaminated with oxygen decrease with increasing number of defects in the lattice, and to a lesser degree depend on the kind of motalloid atoms. As the oxygen content rises, the microbrittleness decreases at first, then begins to increase because of increasing ionic bond character. The electron concentration in titalian carbide contamination beautiful accounted to the electron concentration in titalian carbide contamination beautiful.			7)	monarties of tite	27 27	
ABSTRACT: In a study of alloys of the TiC-TiO-Ti system, x-ray structural data showed that the contamination of TiC _x with oxygen causes a decrease in the size of the unit cell, this effect being more pronounced the closer the composition is to the stoichiometric proportion of TiC _x . This along with the influence of vacancies accounts for the great scatter of results obtained by various authors in their study of the lattice parameter of TiC _{1.0} . The melting point and microhardness of titanium carbide contaminated with oxygen decrease with increasing number of defects in the lattice, and to a lesser degree depend on the kind of motalloid atoms. As the oxygen content rises, the microbrittleness decreases at first, then begins to increase because of increasing ionic bond character. The electron concentration in title-ium acceptable contains	SOURCE:	AN SSSR. Otde	leniye obshchey slov (Studies 1	1 tekhninheskov	khimii Taaladama	niya v oblasti
cell, this effect being more pronounced the closer the composition is to the stoichiometric proportion of TiC _x . This along with the influence of vacancies accounts for the great scatter of results obtained by various authors in their study of the lattice parameter of TiC _{1.0} . The melting point and microhardness of titanium carbide contaminated with oxygen decrease with increasing number of defects in the lattice, and to a lesser degree depend on the kind of motalloid atoms. As the oxygen content rises, the microbrittleness decreases at first, then begins to increase because of increasing ionic bond character. The electron concentration in title-iver applies containing	TOPIC TA	GS: titanium	compound, carbi	de, oxygen impuri	ty	
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sublattice (i. e., the number of conduction electrons) is small, the current carrier concentration grows, since exygen atoms give up to the conduction band their excess electrons relative to carbon. When the number of vacancies in the metalloid sublattice is large, the exygen atoms do not give up their electrons, and exygen in its reaction with titanium ties up the titanium electrons, causing a drop in the carrier concentration. Titanium carbide containing an exygen admixture shows a metallic temperature dependence of the resistivity and thermal enf. The mobility of electrons at T = const drops with their increasing concentration and is relatively insensitive to the concentration of defects in the metalloid sublattice. The predominant scattering mechanism appears to involve scattering by lattice vibrations, and the energy dependence of the relaxation time is close to that observed in semiconductors. Orig. art. has: 13 figures.

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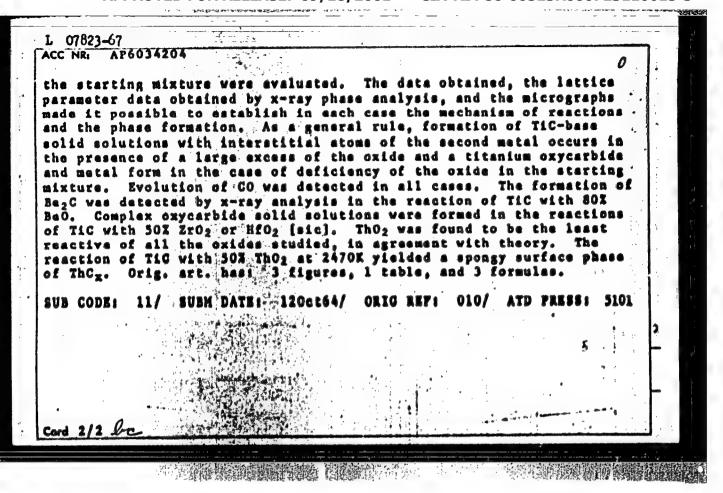
Est(m)/Esp(m)/Esp(t)/ETI LIP(c) AT/WH/JD/JO 20818 / A SOURCE CODE: UR/0363/66/002/008/1439/1443 L_06576-67 ACC NR. AP6029818 (A) 53 AUTHOR: Avgustinik, A. I.; Golikova, O. A.; Klimashin, G. H.; Neshpor, V. S.; Ordan'yan, S. S.; Snetkova. V. A. ORG: Leningrad Institute of Technology im. Lensovet (Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut); Samiconductor Institute, Acadamy of Sciences SSSR (Institut poluprovodmikov Akademii Nauk SSSR) TITLE: Dependence of certain electro- and thermophysical properties of <u>sirconium</u> monocarbide on the carbon content within the range of homogeneity SOURCE: AN SSSR, Izvestiya, Neorganicheskiye materialy, v. 2, no. 8, 1966, 1439-1443 TOPIC TAGS: zirconium carbide, solid mechanical property, solid physical property, electric conductivity, thermal emf. Hall coefficient ABSTRACT: The dependence of electrical resistivity, absolute thermal emf, Hall coefficient, and thermal conductivity of zirconium monocarbide was studied for 36-48 atom \$ C contents in the carbide. The zirconium carbide samples were prepared by fusing high purity zirconium and carbon at 1800°C in vacuo followed by sintering at 2200°C. The properties, compositions, and lattice parameters for various zirconium samples are graphed and tabulated. It was found that free electrons act as current carriers within zirconium carbide. The electrical resistivity, the thermal emf, and the Hall coeffic. cient were found to decline and the thermal conductivity was found to increase with UDC: 546.8311261:541.12.03 Card 1/2 40.00人员的中国,为他国际特别的

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ACC NR: AP6034204 (// BOURCE CODE: Avguetinik, A. I.; Koslovskiy, L. V.; Klimashin, C. AUTHOR: ORG: Department of Chemistry and the Technology of Fine Technical Ceranics, Leningrad Technological Institute in Lensovet (Kafedra khimi i tekhnologii tonkoy tekhnicheskoy keramiki, Leningradskiy tekhnologicheskiy institut) 17 ture reactions between titanium carbide and TITLE: / High-tempera WW. desbixo i khimicheskaya tekhnologiya, v. 9, no. 4, SOURCE: IVUZ. 1966. 528-532 TOPIC TAGS: titanium carbide, refractory oxide, zirconia, hafaium oxide, thoria, beryllia, high temperature ceramic material ABSTRACT: A discrepancy between calculated and experimental/tempera tures of titanium carbide reactions with refractory Zroz, Hfoz, Thoz, and BeO led to a study of the reaction products which were obtained by sintering at 1770—2470K in vacuum the compacted mixtures of pure Tic with 10—80 wt, I of one of the refractory oxides. 17 Weight loss, shrinkage, density, and porosity of the sintered samples were measured and the effects of the sintering temperature and the oxide content in Cord 1/2

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AUTHOR: Avgustinik, A. I.; Klimashin, G. M.; Kozlovskiy, L. V.

TITLE: Investigation of conditions of synthesizing pure titanium carbide by sintering

SOURCE: AR BESR. Izvestiya: Meorganicheskiyè materialy, v. 1, no. 6, 1965, 830-831-72

TOPIC TAGS: carbide, titanium carbide, titanium carbide synthesis

ABSTRACT: An attempt has been made to synthesize high-purity titanium carbide by sintering a mixture of carbon black with 99.985-pure titanium dioxide, 99.875-pure

sintering a mixture of carbon black with 99.98%-pure titanium dioxide, 99.87%-pure electrolytic titanium or 99.98%-pure titanium. The mixture of components was vacuum sintered at 1570—2270K. Optimum results were obtained from a mixture containing 99.98%-pure titanium in an amount exceeding the stoichioaetric by 7.5—10%, to compensate the loss of titanium by evaporation. Sintering of this mixture at 2020K yielded high-purity titanium carbide which contained 20% combined carbon and had a crystal lattice parameter of 4,3281 %. Oxygen in the initial material reduces

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P. 245, (Slovensky Marodopis) Vol. 5, no. 3/4, 1957, Praha, Czechoslovakia

SO: Monthly Index of East European Acessions (EFAI) Vol. 6, No. 11 November 1957

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